

CASE NO.: ARC920010006US1  
Serial No.: 09/771,239  
May 23, 2005  
Page 2

PATENT  
Filed: January 26, 2001

1. (currently amended) A method for identifying and subsequently taking corrective action based thereon and/or disabling at least one traitor receiver with at least one associated unique, compromised decryption key in a broadcast encryption system, comprising:

receiving a set of subsets derived from a tree defining leaves, each leaf representing a respective receiver;

identifying at least one traitor subset from the set of subsets as containing at least one leaf representing a candidate traitor receiver;

using the traitor subset, identifying and subsequently taking corrective action based thereon and/or disabling the traitor receiver; and

determining whether the traitor subset represents at least two traitor receiver candidates, and if so, dividing the traitor subset into two child sets, wherein the act of identifying or disabling includes encoding plural subsets of the set of subsets with a false key.

2. (canceled).

3. (previously presented) The method of Claim 1, further comprising determining whether the traitor subset is a member of a frontier set, and if so, removing a complementary subset from the frontier set.

4. (canceled).

{053-122.AM3}

CASE NO.: ARC920010006US1  
Serial No.: 09/771,239  
May 23, 2005  
Page 3

PATENT  
Filed: January 26, 2001

5. (currently amended) The method of Claim [4]1, further comprising executing a binary search on the set of subsets using probabilities.

6. (original) The method of Claim 5, wherein the binary search ends by determining that the difference between a probability  $p_j$  of decrypting a message when the first  $j$  subsets contain the false key and a probability  $p_{j-1}$  of decrypting a message when the first  $j-1$  subsets contain the false key is at least equal to a predetermined probability.

7. (original) The method of Claim 6, wherein the traitor subset is identified when  $|p_{j-1} - p_j| > p/m$ , wherein  $m$  is the number of subsets in the set of subsets.

8-11 (canceled).

12. (currently amended) A computer program device, comprising:

~~a computer program storage device including a program of instructions usable by a computer~~  
computer readable medium, comprising:

logic means for accessing a tree to generate a set of subsets of the tree, the tree including leaves representing at least one traitor device characterized by a compromised key;

logic means for encrypting a false key  $j$  times and for encrypting a session key  $m-j$  times, wherein  $m$  is a number of subsets in the set of subsets;

logic means responsive to the means for encrypting for identifying a traitor subset; and

1053-122.AMJ

CASE NO.: ARC920010006US1  
Serial No.: 09/771,239  
May 23, 2005  
Page 4

PATENT  
Filed: January 26, 2001

logic means for using the traitor subset to identify or disable the traitor device.

13. (currently amended) The computer program device of Claim 12, further comprising:  
logic means for determining whether the traitor subset represents at least two candidate traitor devices, and if so, dividing the traitor subset into two child sets.
14. (original) The computer program device of Claim 13, further comprising logic means for determining whether the traitor subset is a member of a frontier set, and if so, removing a complementary subset from the frontier set.
15. (original) The computer program device of Claim 12, further comprising logic means for executing a binary search on the set of subsets using probabilities.
16. (original) The computer program device of Claim 15, wherein the binary search ends by determining that the difference between a probability  $p_j$  of decrypting a message when the first  $j$  subsets contain the false key and a probability  $p_{j-1}$  of decrypting a message when the first  $j-1$  subsets contain the false key is at least equal to a predetermined probability.
17. (original) The computer program device of Claim 16, wherein the traitor subset is identified when  $|p_{j-1} - p_j| > p/m$ , wherein  $m$  is the number of subsets in the set of subsets.

1053-122.AM3

CASE NO.: ARC920010006US1  
Serial No.: 09/771,239  
May 23, 2005  
Page 5

PATENT  
Filed: January 26, 2001

18, 19 (canceled).

20. (original) A computer programmed with instructions to cause the computer to execute method acts including:

using a false key to encode plural subsets representing stateless receivers, at least one traitor receiver of which is associated with at least one compromised key that has been obtained by at least one pirate receiver; and

using the pirate receiver or a clone thereof, determining the identity of the traitor receiver, or rendering the pirate receiver or clone thereof useless for decrypting data using the compromised key.

21. (original) The computer of Claim 20, wherein the subsets define a set of subsets, and the method acts undertaken by the computer further include:

receiving the set of subsets derived from a tree defining leaves, each leaf representing a respective receiver;

identifying at least one traitor subset from the set of subsets as containing at least one leaf representing the traitor receiver; and

using the traitor subset, identifying the traitor receiver.

22. (previously presented) The computer of Claim 21, wherein the method acts undertaken by the computer further comprise:

1053-122.AM3

CASE NO.: ARC920010006US1  
Serial No.: 09/771,239  
May 23, 2005  
Page 6

PATENT  
Filed: January 26, 2001

determining whether the traitor subset represents at least two candidate traitor receivers, and if so, dividing the traitor subset into two child sets.

23. (original) The computer of Claim 22, wherein the method acts undertaken by the computer further comprise determining whether the traitor subset is a member of a frontier set, and if so, removing a complementary subset from the frontier set.
24. (original) The computer of Claim 21, wherein the act of identifying includes:  
encoding plural subsets of the set of subsets with the false key.
25. (original) The computer of Claim 24, wherein the method acts undertaken by the computer further comprise executing a binary search on the set of subsets using probabilities.
26. (original) The computer of Claim 25, wherein the binary search ends by determining that a probability  $p_j$  of decrypting a message when the first  $j$  subsets contain the false key is at least equal to a predetermined probability.
27. (original) The computer of Claim 26, wherein the traitor subset is identified when  $|p_{j+1} - p_j| > p/m$ , wherein  $m$  is the number of subsets in the set of subsets.
28. (canceled).

1053-122.AM3

CASE NO.: ARC920010006US1  
Serial No.: 09/771,239  
May 23, 2005  
Page 6

PATENT  
Filed: January 26, 2001

determining whether the traitor subset represents at least two candidate traitor receivers, and if so, dividing the traitor subset into two child sets.

23. (original) The computer of Claim 22, wherein the method acts undertaken by the computer further comprise determining whether the traitor subset is a member of a frontier set, and if so, removing a complementary subset from the frontier set.

24. (original) The computer of Claim 21, wherein the act of identifying includes:  
encoding plural subsets of the set of subsets with the false key.

25. (original) The computer of Claim 24, wherein the method acts undertaken by the computer further comprise executing a binary search on the set of subsets using probabilities.

26. (original) The computer of Claim 25, wherein the binary search ends by determining that a probability  $p_j$  of decrypting a message when the first  $j$  subsets contain the false key is at least equal to a predetermined probability.

27. (original) The computer of Claim 26, wherein the traitor subset is identified when  $|p_{j+1} - p_j| > p/m$ , wherein  $m$  is the number of subsets in the set of subsets.

28. (canceled).

1063-122.AM3

CASE NO.: ARC920010006US1  
Serial No.: 09/771,239  
May 23, 2005  
Page 7

PATENT  
Filed: January 26, 2001

29. (original) The method of Claim 1, further comprising identifying or disabling plural traitor receivers embodied in a clone.
30. (original) The method of Claim 1, wherein the act of identifying or disabling includes encoding the first  $j$  subsets of the set of subsets with a false key.

1051-122.AM3